

Voluntary Minimum Entry Level Medical Standards for Firefighters

Recommendations for State-Wide Fitness Evaluations for New Hire/Candidates

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1582 Medical Standards as described in the Comprehensive Occupational Medical Program for Fire Departments (latest edition 2013) recommend application to these standards for all newly hired firefighters and should be administered by a physician familiar with firefighter essential tasks and required occupational health standards for the position.

Attached are sections and sample documents of 'A Fire Department Guide to Implementing NFPA 1582' (2103). An overview of Chapter 6 intended for new hire firefighter candidates is included. These documents are intended to be used by physicians and fire department administrators to properly screen candidates prior to employment and participation in interior firefighting operations.

WAC 296-305-01509 (effective 1-1-2014) states in Section 7:

- a) "The employer shall assure that employees who are expected to do interior structural firefighting are physically capable of performing duties that may be assigned to them during emergencies.
- b) The employer shall not permit employees with known physical limitations reasonably identifiable to the employer, for example, heart disease or seizure disorder, to participate in (structural firefighting emergency) physically demanding activities unless the employee has been released to participate in such activities by a physician to participate in such activities or other licensed health care professional (LHCP) who is qualified by training or experience as determined by the fire department to evaluate firefighters."
- c) It is imperative that organizations protect themselves from undue liabilities and ensure all new members be cleared for participation in firefighting activities.

In addition, it is recommended that ongoing fitness assessments occur by fire department physicians. A Department Fitness Coordinator should administer a pre-assessment questionnaire that seeks to identify contraindications for participation. The annual assessment components as found in NFPA 1582, Annex C):

- Aerobic Capacity
- Body Composition
- Muscular Strength
- Muscular Endurance
- Flexibility

Fitness evaluations should occur under the auspices of a fire department physician. However, the actual evaluations are permitted to be conducted by the fire department's fitness personnel. All data is to be held confidential and maintained in the member's confidential medical file. The evaluator can provide exercise programs to encourage the members to maintain or improve their level of fitness. Outside of the annual fitness assessment, individual members are responsible for reporting immediately to their supervisor any medical condition that could potentially compromise their ability to perform the essential functions of their job.

IAFC Safety, Health & Survival Section, Everyone Goes Home

It is a significant fact that annually nearly half of all firefighter fatalities occur as a result of medical emergencies. The severe physical nature firefighting and the harsh environmental conditions under which firefighters must perform their duties dramatically increases our susceptibility to stress and overexertion. Many of these deaths could potentially be avoided through early detection of underlying medical conditions by participation in an annual routine medical examination, which includes commonplace non-invasive medical testing.

The economic. /costs associated with a firefighter's death far outstrip the costs of ensuring that firefighters receive an annual medical examination. Put simply, firefighters lives are worth far more than the cost of implementing a wellness-fitness .program that starts with an annual physical. Knowing this, it is the position of the IAFC, that every firefighter receive an annual medical examination for the purposes stated above, and that this examination should follow as closely as possible the guidance of NFPA 1582. Fire Chiefs have an obligation to find funding sources and develop creative strategies to ensure the safety of their personnel. This document is designed to support that responsibility.

The IAFC Safety, Health, and Survival Section compiled this information and sample documents to assist with the development and implementation of an annual medical evaluation program. Thousands of hours of work have been committed to the development of this implementation guide and special thanks goes to Kim Favorite, Occupational Health and Fitness Coordinator for the Seattle, WA Fire Department and Fire Chief Jake Rhoades of the Edmond, OK Fire Department who were tasked with spearheading this effort. Their commitment to firefighter safety is alive in these pages.

Too often, Fire Chiefs find themselves at the crossroads of understanding their responsibility to ensure the safety of their members and finding a way to actually make it happen. This document represents a roadmap for success. It can be used in part or in whole but most importantly it is designed to be used. Safety is no accident. It is the conscious mindset of humans created by the establishment of regulations and policies based upon general accepted industry practices. These policies take into considerations such practices and are designed to provide the highest practical degrees of personal safety. The prevention and reduction of accidents, injuries and occupational illnesses is not simply an objective, but a way of life.

The International Association of Fire Chiefs, and the Safety, Health, and Survival Section stand with you in our combined effort to reduce, and eventually eliminate, every preventable Line of Duty Death among firefighters. May it serve as the unity of purpose that guides our actions.

NFPA 1582 Overview of Chapter 6 New Hire/Candidates Only

This is intended as a "quick-sheet" overview and shall not be used without a complete understanding of NFPA 1582
Standard on Comprehensive Occupational Medical Program for Fire Departments
To obtain a copy of NFPA1582, visit the NFPA website at www.nfpa.org
See NFPA1582 Chapter7 for volunteer, paid on call, part time, or career firefighters

Minimal medical requirements are clearly delineated in NFPA 1582 - Chapter 6. Nothing is intended to restrict any jurisdiction from exceeding these minimum requirements.

For the Candidates/New Hire the determination is whether the individual is medical sound to perform as a member in a training or emergency operational environment without presenting a significant risk to the safety and health of the person or others is broken into two (2) categories.

Category A

Medical Condition - Anything in this category would preclude hire. Each category also includes
 —"Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of
 the essential job tasks."

Category B

Medical Condition - A condition that, based on its severity or degree, could preclude hire but
only if despite the condition the candidate "can perform the essential job tasks without posing a
significant safety and health risk to themselves, members, or civilians".

List of Conditions

NOTICES:

- An asterisk (*) indicates that explanatory material is in Annex A of NFPA 1582.
- Requirements are different for volunteer, paid on call, part time, or career firefighters. See NFPA 1582 Chapter 7

6.3 Head and Neck - Candidates/New Hire

6.3.1 Head

Category A

- Defect of skull preventing helmet use or leaving underlying brain unprotected from trauma
- Any skull or facial deformity that would not allow for a successful fit test for respirators used by that department
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- *Deformities of the skull such as depressions or exostoses
- *Deformities of the skull associated with evidence of disease of the brain, spinal cord, or peripheral nerves
- *Loss or congenital absence of the bony substance of the skull

8.3.2 Neck

Category A

 Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

- *Thoracic outlet syndrome
- *Congenital cysts, chronic draining fistulas, or similar lesions
- *Contraction of neck muscles

6.4 Eyes and Vision - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Far visual acuity less than 20/40 binocular, corrected with contact lenses or spectacles, or far visual acuity less than 20/100 binocular for wearers of hard contacts or spectacles, uncorrected
- *Color perception—monochromatic vision resulting in inability to use imaging devices such as thermal imaging cameras
- *Monocular vision
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- *Diseases of the eye such as retinal detachment, progressive retinopathy, or optic neuritis
- *Ophthalmological procedures such as radial keratotomy, Lasik procedure, or repair of retinal detachment
- Peripheral vision in the horizontal meridian of less than110 degrees in the better eye or any condition that significantly affects peripheral vision in both eyes

6.5 Ears and Hearing - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Chronic vertigo or impaired balance as demonstrated by the inability to tandem gait walk
- On audiometric testing, average hearing loss in the unaided better ear greater than 40 decibels (dB) at 500 Hz, 1000 Hz, 2000 Hz, and 3000 Hz when the audiometric device is calibrated to ANSI Z24-.5, Audiometric Device Testing
- Any condition (or hearing impairment) that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks
- *Hearing aid or cochlear imp/ant

Category B

- *Unequal hearing loss
- Average uncorrected hearing deficit at the test frequencies 500 Hz, 7 000 Hz, 2000 Hz, and 3000
 Hz greater than 40 dB in either ear
- Atresia, stenosis, or tumor of the auditory canal
- *External otitis, recurrent
- *Agenesis or traumatic deformity of the auricle
- *Mastoiditis or surgical deformity of the mastoid
- *Meniere's syndrome, labyrinthitis, or tinnitus
- *Otitis media
- Surgical procedures to correct or improve hearing or other conditions of the ear

6.6 Dental - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

• Any condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

- *Diseases of the jaws or associated tissues
- *Orthodontic appliances
- *Oral tissues, extensive loss
- *Relationship between the mandible and maxilla that interferes with satisfactory
 postorthodontic replacement or ability to use protective equipment replacement or ability to
 use protective equipment.

6.7 Nose, Oropharynx, Trachea, Esophagus, and Larynx - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- *Tracheostomy
- *Aphonia
- Any nasal, oropharyngeal, tracheal, esophageal, or laryngeal condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks including fit testing for respirators such as N-95 for medical response, P-100 for particulates and certain vapors, and SCBA for fire and hazmat operations
- Any condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

Category B

- *Congenital or acquired deformity
- *Allergic rhinitis
- Epistaxis, recurrent
- *Sinusitis, recurrent
- *Dysphonia
- Anosmia
- Tracheal stenosis
- Nasopharyngeal polyposis
- *Obstructive apneas (e.g., sleep apnea) if unresponsive to treatment

6.8 Lungs and Chest Wall - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Active hemoptysis
- Current empyema
- Pulmonary hypertension
- Active tuberculosis
- *A forced vital capacity (FVC) or forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) less than 70 percent predicted even independent of disease
- *Obstructive lung diseases (e.g., emphysema, chronic bronchitis, asthma) with an absolute FEVdFVCless than 0.70 and with either the FEV1 below normal or both the FEV1 and the FVC below normal (less than 0.80) (see references inE2)
- *Hypoxemia oxygen saturation less than 90 percent at rest or exercise desaturation by 4
 percent or to less than 90 percent (exercise testing indicated when resting oxygen is less than 94
 percent but greater than 90 percent)
- *Asthma—-reactive airways disease requiring bronchodilator or corticosteroid therapy for 2 or more consecutive months in the previous 2 years, unless the candidate can meet the requirement in 6.8.1.1
- Lung Transplant
- *A candidate who has in the past required bronchodilator, corticosteroid, or anti-inflammatory therapy (e.g., leukotriene receptor antagonists, such as Montelukast) for asthma but who does not believe he/she has asthma shall be evaluated by a pulmonologist or other expert in asthmatic lung diseases, such as an allergist, to determine if the candidate meets all four requirements in 6.8.1.1
- Challenge testing shall be performed of all anti- inflammatory medications (e.g., inhaled or oral steroids, leukotriene receptor antagonists) for 4 weeks preceding the test, off all antihistamines (e.g., oral allergy medications) for I week, and off all bronchodilators on the day of testing
- Any condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

Category B

- *Pulmonary resectional surgery, chest wall surgery, and pneumothorax
- Pleural effusion
- *Fibrothorax, chest wall deformity, and diaphragm abnormalities
- *Interstitial lung diseases
- *Pulmonary vascular diseases or history of pulmonary embolism
- *Bronchiectasis, if abnormal pulmonary function or recurrent infections
- Infections diseases of the lung or plenral space
- Cystic fibrosis
- Central or obstructive apnea (e.g., sleep apnea) if unresponsive to treatment

6.9 Aerobic Capacity— Candidates/New Hire Category A

• Aerobic capacity less than 12 metabolic equivalents (METs) (12 METs= 42 mL 02/kg/min).

6.10 Heart and Vascular System - Candidates/New Hire 6.10.1 Heart Category A

- Coronary artery disease, including history of myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary artery bypass surgery, coronary angioplasty, and similar procedures
- *Cardiomyopathy or congestive heart failure, including signs or symptoms of compromised left
 or right ventricular function or rhythm, including dyspnea, S3 gallop, peripheral edema, enlarged
 ventricle, abnormal ejection fraction, and/or inability to increase cardiac output with exercise
- *Acute pericarditis, endocarditis, or myocarditis
- *Syncope, recurrent
- *A medical condition requiring an automatic implantable cardiac defibrillator or history of ventricular tachycardia or ventricular fibrillation due to ischemic or valvular heart disease, or cardiomyopathy
- Third-degree atrioventricular block
- *Cardiac pacemaker
- Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, including idiopathic hypertrophic subaortic stenosis
- Heart Transplant
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

- *Valvular lesions of the heart, including prosthetic valves
- *Recurrent supraventricular or atrial tachycardia, flutter, or fibrillation
- *Left bundle branch block
- Second-degree atrioventricular block in the absence of structural heart disease
- Sinus pause more than 3 seconds
- *Ventricular arrhythmia (history or presence of multifocal PVCs or nonsustained ventricular tachycardia on resting EKG with or without symptoms; history or presence of sustained ventricular tachycardia with or without symptoms)
- *Cardiac hypertrophy or hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
- *History of a congenital abnormality
- *Chronic pericarditis, endocarditis, or myocarditis

6.10.2 Vascular System

Category A

- Hypertension (a)*Uncontrolled or poorly controlled hypertension (b) *Hypertension with evidence of end - organ damage
- *Thoracic or abdominal aortic aneurysm
- Carotid artery stenosis or obstruction resulting in greater than or equal to 50 percent reduction in blood flow
- *Peripheral vascular disease resulting in symptomatic claudication
- Any other condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Vasospastic phenomena such as Raynaud's phenomenon
- *Thrombophlebitis; thrombosis, or varicositles
- *Chronic lymphedema due to lymphadenopathy or venous valvular incompetency
- *Congenital or acquired lesions of the aorta or major vessels
- *Circulatory instability as indicated by orthostatic hypotension, persistent tachycardia, and peripheral vasomotor disturbances
- History of surgical repair of aneurysm of the heart or major vessel

6.11 Abdominal Organs and Gastrointestinal System - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Presence of uncorrected inguinal/femoral hernia regardless of symptoms
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

- *Cholecystitis
- *Gastritls
- *Gl bleeding
- *Acute hepatitis
- Hernia including the following:
 - Uncorrected umbilical, ventral, or incisional hernia if significant risk exists for infection or strangulation
 - Significant symptomatic hiatal hernia if associated with asthma, recurrent pneumonia, chronic pain, or chronic ulcers
 - *Surgically corrected hernia more than 3 months after surgical correction
- Inflammatory bowel disease or irritable bowel syndrome
- *Intestinal obstruction
- *Pancreatitls
- Diverticulitis
- *History of gastrointestinal surgery
- *Peptic or duodenal ulcer or Zollinger-Ellison syndrome
- *Asplenia
- *Cirrhosis, hepatic or biliary
- *Chronic active hepatitis

6.12 Metabolic Syndrome - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

• *Medical conditions shall include metabolic syndrome with aerobic capacity less than 12 METs.

Category B

Medical conditions shall include metabolic syndrome with aerobic capacity I2 METs or greater

6.13 Reproductive System (See B1.2.1.) - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

 Any genital condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

Category B

- Pregnancy, for its duration
- Dysmenorrhea
- Endometriosis, ovarian cysts, or other gynecologic conditions
- Testicular or epididymal mass

6.14 Urinary System - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

- Renal failure or insufficiency requiring continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis (CAPD) or hemodialysis
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Diseases of the kidney
- Diseases of the ureter, bladder, or prostate

6.15 Spine and Axial Skeleton — Candidates/New Hire

Category A

- Scoliosis of thoracic or lumbar spine with angle greater than or equal to 40 degrees
- History of spinal surgery with rods that are still in place
- Any spinal or skeletal condition producing sensory or motor deficit(s) or pain due to radiculopathy or nerve root compression
- Any spinal or skeletal condition causing pain that frequently or recurrently requires narcotic analgesic medication
- Cervical vertebral fractures with multiple vertebral body compression greater than 25 percent; evidence of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (partial, moderate, severe), abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery
- Thoracic vertebral fractures with vertebral body compression greater than 50 percent; evidence
 of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (severe—
 with or without surgery),
- abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery
- Lumbosacral vertebral fractures with vertebral body compression greater than 50 percent; evidence of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (partial, moderate, severe), fragmentation, abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Congenital or developmental malformations of the back, particularly those that can cause instability, neurological deficits, pain, or limit flexibility
- Scoliosis with angle less than 40 degrees
- Arthritis of the cervical, thoracic, or lumbosacral spine
- Facet atrophism, high lumbosacral angle, hyperlordosis, Schmorl's nodes, Scheuermann's disease, spinal loifida occulta, spondylolisthesis, spondylolysis, or transitional vertebrae
- History of infections or infarcts in the spinal cord, epidural space, vertebrae, or axial skeletal joints History of diskectomy, laminectomy, or vertebral fractures
- History of spine fusion that results in instability; reduced mobility, strength, or range of motion; or persistent pain.

6.16 Extremities - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

- Joint replacement- unless all four requirements in 6.16.1 (1) are met
- Amputation or congenital absence of upper-extremity limb (hand or higher)
- Amputation of either thumb proximal to the midproximal phalanx
- Amputation or congenital absence of lower-extremity limb (foot or above) unless the candidate meets all seven requirements listed in 6.16.1 (4)
- Chronic non-healing or recent bone grafts
- History of more than one dislocation of shoulder without surgical repair or with history of recurrent shoulder disorders within the last 5 years with pain or loss of motion, and with or without radiographic deviations from normal
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- *History of shoulder dislocation with surgical repair
- Significant limitation of function of shoulder, elbow, wrist, hand, or finger due to weakness, reduced range of motion, atrophy, unequal length, absence, or partial amputation
- Significant lack of full function of hip, knee, ankle, foot, or toes due to weakness, reduced range of motion, atrophy, unequal length, absence, or partial amputation
- *History of meniscectomy or ligamentous repair of knee
- *History of intra-articular, malunited, or nonunion of upper or lower extremity fracture
- *History of osteomyelitis, septic, or rheumatoid arthritis
- Bone hardware such as metal plates or rods supporting bone during healing

6.17 Neurological Disorders - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Ataxias of heredo-degenerative type
- Cerebral arteriosclerosis as evidenced by a history of transient ischemic attack, reversible ischemic neurological deficit, or ischemic stroke
- Hemiparalysis or paralysis of a limb
- *Multiple sclerosis with activity or evidence of progression within previous 3 years
- *Myasthenia gravis with activity or evidence of progression within previous 3 years
- Progressive muscular dystrophy or atrophy
- Uncorrected cerebral aneurysm
- All single unprovoked seizures and epileptic conditions, including simple partial, complex partial, generalized, and psychomotor seizure disorders other than as allowed in 6.17.1.1
- Dementia (Alzheimer's and other neurodegenerative diseases) with symptomatic loss of function or cognitive impairment (e.g., less than or equal to 28 on Mini-Mental Status Exam)

- Parkinson's disease and other movement disorders resulting in uncontrolled movements, bradykinesia, or cognitive impairment (e.g., less than or equal to 28 on Mini-Mental Status Exam)
- Any neurological condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks
- A candidate with epileptic conditions shall have had complete control during the previous 5
 years.

To be medically qualified at candidate shall meet all of the following:

- No seizures for 1 year off all anti-epileptic medication or>5 years seizure free on a stable medical regimen
- Neurologic examination is normal
- Imaging (CAT or MR1 scan) studies are normal
- Awake and asleep EEG studies with photic stimulation and hyperventilation are normal
- A definitive statement from a qualified neurological specialist that the candidate meets
 the criteria specified in 6.17.1.1(1) through 6.17.1.1(4) and that the candidate is
 neurologically cleared for firefighting training and the performance of a fire fighters
 essential job tasks
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Congenital malformations
- *Migraine
- Clinical disorders with paresis, dyscoordination, deformity, abnormal motor activity, abnormality of sensation, or complaint of pain
- History of suloarachnoid or intraparenchyrnal hemorrhage
- Abnormalities from recent head injury such as severe cerebral contusion or concussion

6.18 Skin - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

- Metastatic or locally extensive basal or squamous cell carcinoma or melanoma
- Any dermatologic condition that would not allow for a successful fittest for any respirator required by the fire department
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job task

- *Skin conditions of a chronic or recurrent nature (eczema, cystic acne, psoriasis) that cause skin openings or inflammation or irritation of the skin surface
- *Surgery or skin grafting
- *Mycosis fungoides
- *Cutaneous lupus erythematosus
- *Raynaud's phenomenon
- *Scleroderma (skin)
- *Vasculitic skin lesions
- *Atopic dermatitis/eczema
- *Contact or seborrheic dermatitis
- *Stasis dermatitis
- *Albinism, Dariers disease, ichthyosis, Marfan syndrome, neurofibromatosis, and other genetic conditions
- *Folliculitis, pseudo-folliculitis, miliaria, keloid folliculitis
- *Hidradenitis suppurativa, furuncles, carbuncles, or Grade IV acne (cystic)
- *Mechano-bullous disorders (epidennolysis bullosa, Hailey pemphigus, porphyria, pemphigoid)

*Urticaria or angioeclema

6.19 Blood and Blood-Forming Organs — Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Hemorrhagic states requiring replacement therapy
- Sickle cell disease (homozygous)
- Clotting disorders
- Any condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Anemia
- Leukopenia
- Polycythemia vera
- Splenornegaly
- History of thromboembolic disease
- Any other hematological condition that results in inability to safely perform essential job tasks

6.20 Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- *Type 1 diabetes mellitus, unless a candidate meets all seven criteria in 6,20.1- (1) a-g
- Insulin—requiring Type 2 diabetes mellitus, unless a candidate meets all seven criteria in 6.20.1 (2) a-g
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- *Diseases of the adrenal gland, pituitary gland, parathyroid gland, or thyroid gland of clinical significance
- Nutritional deficiency diseases or other metabolic disorder
- Diabetes mellitus, not on insulin therapy, but controlled by diet, exercise, and/or oral hypoglycemic agents unless all of the six criteria in 6. 20. 2(3) are met.

6.21 Systemic Diseases and Miscellaneous Conditions - Candidates/New Hire Category A

 Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

Category B

- Connective tissue disease, such as dennatomyositis, systemic lupus erythematosus, scleroderma, and rheumatoid arthritis
- *History of thermal, chemical, or electrical burn injury with residual functional deficit
- Documented evidence of a predisposition to recurrent heat stress rhabdomyolysis, metabolic acidosis, or exertion-related incapacitation

6.22 Tumors and Malignant Diseases — Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Malignant disease that is newly diagnosed, untreated, or currently being treated, or under active surveillance due to the increased risk for reoccurrence
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- *Benign tumors
- *History of CNS tumor or malignancy
- *History of head and neck malignancy
- *History of lung cancer
- *History of GI or GU malignancy
- *History of bone or soft tissue tumors or malignancies
- *History of hematological malignancy

6.23 Psychiatric Conditions - Candidates/New Hire

Category A

 Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- A history of psychiatric condition or substance abuse problem
- Requirement for medications that increase an individuals risk of heat stress, or other interference with the ability to safely perform essential job tasks

6.24 Chemicals, Drugs, and Medications - Candidates/New Hire Category A

- Those that require chronic I frequent treatment with any of the medications or classes of medications listed in 6.24. 1(1-8)
- Tobacco use (where state law allows)
- Evidence of illegal drug use detected through testing conducted in accordance with Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service Administration (SAMHSA)
- Evidence of clinical intoxication or a measured blood alcohol level that exceeds the legal definition of intoxication according to the AHJ at the time of medical evaluation
- Any condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks

Category B

- Cardiovascular agents
- Stimulants
- Psychiatric medications
- Other than high-dose systemic corticosteroids
- Antihistamines
- Muscle relaxants

Lenkotriene receptor antagonists (erg, Montelnkast) used for allergies that do not affect the lower respiratory system

MEDICAL PHYSICAL

NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	
DATE OF EXAM	SSN#	
APPLICANT COMPLETE THIS SEC	TION:	
yes no		yes no
Frequent/severe headaches	Mental disorders of any sort; depression/anxiety	
Dizziness/fainting spells	Substance dependence or failed a drug test; or substance	
Unconsciousness for any reason	abuse/use of an illegal substance in the last 5 years	
Eye/vision trouble	Alcohol dependence/abuse	
Hay fever/allergy	Suicide attempt	
Asthma/lung disease	Motion sickness requiring medication	
Heart or vascular trouble \Box	Military medical discharge	
High/low blood pressure	Medical rejection by military service	
Stomach/liver/intestinal prob 🔲 🔲	Rejection for life or health insurance	
Kidney stone/blood in the urine \Box	Admission to hospital	
Diabetes	Other illness, disability, or surgery	
Neurological disorders:	History of non-traffic conviction	
epilepsy, seizures, stroke	Tobacco usepks/daychew	
paralysis, etc		
EXPLANATION for above yes ans	swers:	
Ht. (without shoes):	Wt: Temp:	
VISUAL ACUITY:		
Distance:	Near:	
c. Depth perceptiond. Color vision-Ishihara platese. Pupils: Equal	20/Both 20/R20/L20/Both 20/Both 20/R20/L20/Both 20/TrackingConvergence	
NOTE ANY ABNORMALITY:		

EARS : Drum perforation or drainage					
NOTE ANY ABNORMALITY:	□ no □ yes				
HEAD (Note any defect, disease, or injury involving	eyes, ears, nose ,mouth, throat)	Dentistry recommended □ NO □YES			
LUNGS Rate:	Spirometry: date & results done at CMC:				
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM					
PulseBPsounds	rhythm				
PULSES Femoral Popliteal Dorsal Pedis Posterior Tibial	RESTING EKG: (Every	v 5years annual after 45)			
NOTE ANY ABNOMALITY:					
NERVOUS SYSTEM: (Describe any pathology or abnormal reflexes)					
ABDOMEN: (Note any masses, tenderness, hernias)					
RECTAL EXAM: (Note any fistula, hemorrhoids, prostate problems)					

HEMOCCULT RESULTS annually after age 50:

GENITOURINARY SY	'STEM : (N	ote any abnormalities)MALE:tes	ticular exam/female PAP
BREAST EXAM:			
URINALYSIS RESULTS	S dip only:		
MUSCULO-SKELETA	L		
Spine	toe touch	symmetry	posture
upper ext tremities		limited function	missing parts
lower extremities		limited function	missing parts
SKIN: (scars, varicosities,	disease, abnor	malities)	
LAB TESTS:			Examiner's name and address:
			Cascade Medical Clinic
			211 N.W. Larch
LIPID PROFILE			Redmond, OR 97756
GLUCOSE			
CARBON DIOXIDE			
PSA after age 50			
LEAD			Examiner's signature & date
HEP C ANTIBODY bas	seline		
URINE-heavy metal	screen base	eline	-

NOTES:

Medical Evaluation Samples and Templates

Physician's Report of Findings (Candidate)

Candidate's Name:			
The results from your medical exam	ination perform	ed on	20
Ву		are as follows:	
The physical exam was	☐ Normal	☐ Abnormal	☐ Not applicable
Blood pressure was/_ Comments:	which is	☐ Normal	☐ Abnormal
The hearing test was Comments:	Normal	☐ Abnormal	☐ Not applicable
The pulmonary function test was Comments:	□ Normal	☐ Abnormal	□ Not applicable
The vision test was Comments:	□ Normal	☐ Abnormal	Not applicable
The lab results were See enclosed results. Any lab value marked wad doctor to determine the importance of the file Comments:		☐ Abnormal side the normal limits and should be	☐ Not applicable e discussed with your primary
The chest x-ray was Comments:	□Normal	☐ Abnormal	□ Not applicable
The treadmill stress test was The test was terminated due Comments:	□Normal e to:	☐ Abnormal ☐ Reached 12 METs ☐ ☐ Abnormal findings on El	☐ Not applicable Stopped by candidate ⟨G

Please discuss all abnormal findings with your primary doctor. Abnormal findings might be signs of significant medical conditions that should be addressed by your primary doctor.

Today's Date(mm/dd/yy):		Patient ID #	
HEALTH	ASSESSMENT QUE	ESTIONNAIRE	
Name: Last:	,First:	MI:	
Phone #	E-mail address:		
DEMOGRAPHICS 1. Date of birth(mm/dd/yy): 2. Ethnicity: Mark all that apply White Hispanic Alaskan Native		INJ/ILL# INJ/ILL# Asian/Pacific Islander Mid-East/Asian Indian Other	
3. Gender:	☐ Female	☐ Male	
4. Marital Status: Married, spouse in household Married, spouse not in housel Living as married/domestic pa Widowed Divorced Separated Never married	High High High High High High High High	cational Level: gh School me College, no degree sociates Degree chelor's Degree me Post Bachelor's classes aster's Degree ctorate Degree st Doctorate Degree	
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT 6. Are you currently employed as	a firefighter?]Yes □ No - Year Retired:	
7. Year of Hire:	Have you ever left for more	than 6 months	ths
8. Do you currently work at anoth	ner job?	er of hours per week:	
9. Current primary assignment:	☐ Admin Since:_		
How many stations have y	you been assigned to for more	than one year?	_
ILLNESS/INJURY EXPERIENCE IN T 10. Please estimate how many da you have taken in the past year. 11. Please estimate how many In 12. In the past year have you bee Yes Days	uys of non-work-related sick l Days dustrial Injury hours you have	e had in the past year:	_Hrs
13. In the past year have you bee	-	rmanent alternative duty? Date:formonths	

Patient ID #	Physicians Initials
TABACCO AND ALCOHOL Smoking:	
14. Have you smoked at least 100 cigar ☐ Yes ☐ No go to Questi	
	(or did you) usually smoke per day?
16. For about how many years have yo	u smoked (or did you smoke) this amount?
17. How often do you smoke now? ☐ Every day ☐ Some days ☐	If less than 1 year, enter 01 Not at all
☐ Cigarettes ☐ Every day ☐ ☐ Cigars ☐ Every day ☐	
	No Yes # of days you quit
20. Were you enrolled in a tobacco cess Alcohol:	sation program this year?
21. During the past 30 days, have you hwine, a malt beverage, or liquor?	nad at least one drink of any alcoholic beverage such as beer, \[\subseteq \text{Yes} \text{if No, go to Question 24.} \]
	days per week I or month did you have at least one days per week / or days in past 30 days.
23. During the past 30 days, on the day on average?Number of drin	s when you drank, about how many drinks did you drink ks
FAMILY HEALTH HISTORY	
24. Do you have a male parent, sibling, coronary heart disease at an age young	or offspring who was diagnosed with a heart attack, angina, or ger than 55 years old?
25. Do you have a female parent, siblin or coronary heart disease at an age you	ng, or offspring who was diagnosed with a heart attack, angina, unger than 55 years old?
26. Do you have a male parent, sibling,	or offspring who was diagnosed with cancer? diagnosed with:
27. Do you have a female parent, sibling No	ng, or offspring who was diagnosed with cancer? diagnosed with:
28. Do you have a grandparent, parent	, sibling, or offspring who was diagnosed with diabetes?

Physicians Initials

Patient ID	#

YOUR HEALTH HISTORY

29. Below is a list of health problems. Please indicate if and how recently you were diagnosed, and whether you are currently experiencing the problem.

Health Problem Diagnosed by a health professional	Diagnosed	Currently Experiencing This	Currently Taking	Medications & Dosages
Diabetes: Type	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2(
lypertension	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
igh blood pressure	Yr		—	2(
lyperlipidemia	☐ Yes	└─ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
igh cholesterol, high triglycerides	Yr	—		2(
ancer:	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2(
eart Disease:	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2(
espiratory Disease	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
sthma, emphysema, COPD, etc.	Yr			2(
astrointestinal Disease	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
lcer, acid reflux, colitis, etc.	Yr			2(
eproductive Health	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
rsfunction, fetal abnormality, etc.	Yr			2(
eurologic Disease	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
izure disorder, stroke, etc.	Yr			2(
	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
epatitis: Type:	Yr			2(
llergies:	Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2(
sychiatric Disorder	Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
epression, anxiety, bipolar, PTSD, etc.	Yr			2
, , , , , ,	Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	2(
houlder Injury	Yr	1es	L Tes	1(
houlder Injury:	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	2(
noo laiumu		L res	L res	1(
nee Injury:	Yr	☐ Yes	□ Vaa	2(
ack Injury/Disease:	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
pper	Yr			2(
rthritis:	☐ Yes	└─ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2(
ther:	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1(
	Yr			2

					Physicians Initials
Patient ID #					
30. Which, if any, of the follow	ing sur	gerie	s have y	ou had (pleas	se check one box per line).
Surgery	Never	the	ithin e last 12 onths	Previous to the past 12 Months	Brief Description
Chest: Bypass					
Back: Upper					
Neck					
Shoulder: Both					
Knee: Both					
Hip: R Leg: R Ankle: R Foot: R					
Other:					
31. We would like to ask abou were normal or required follow		ing t	ests you	ı have had in	n the past year, and whether results
Screening Test	With the p yea	ast	Norm al	Abnorma	Brief Description
PSA: Prostate Specific Antigen					
Testicular					
DRE: Digital Rectal Exam					
FOB: Fecal Occult Blood (blood in stool)					
Colonoscopy					
Pap Smear					
Breast					
Mammogram					

Skin: biopsy or exam by physician

Other:_

	Physicians Initials
Patient ID #	
CURRENT ACTIVITY	
32. On the average, over the last month, how many days each we minutes of exercise?	ek did you get at least 30
Exercise is physical activity that causes you to increase your heart rate, b	reathe harder, or sweat.
Average days per week	<u></u>
33. How many days per week did you exercise or take part in card made you sweat and breathe hard for at least 30 minutes? Examples: basketball, tennis, jogging, fast bicycling etc.	iovascular or aerobic activities that
Average days per week	<
34. How many days per week did you exercise to strengthen or to Examples: weightlifting, kettlebell training, core training, functional train	•
Average days per week	<
35. In a typical week, how many clays do you take part in any phy at sweat.	sical activity long enough to work up
Average days per week	<u> </u>
36. I exercise for 30 minutes almost every day.	
Strongly Disagree Don't disagree or Agree 1 2 3 4 5	Strongly Agree 6 7
37. Do you take any vitamins or supplements? No Yes	
38. Addition information you would like to convey or discuss during	ng this visit?

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS DOCUMENT PLEASE SAVE, TO A SAFE PLACE, WITH YOUR NAME AS PART OF THE FILE NAME

Example: HEALTH HISTORY_ John Smith

Then send or print, and bring to your appointment along with your Patient Info Packet.

JOB DESCRIPTIONS I ANALYSIS

Firefighter Physical Ability Job Function Overview

Static Strength

Carry and raise ladders

Equipment Drag 3-1/2" hose uphill

Wear complete turnout gear and carry a ladder & hose

Carry injured people up stairs

Lift heavy objects off trapped people

Push a disabled auto out of traffic

Lift hose and pump can

Carry 5-gallon water bags, shovels, and backpack

Dynamic Strength

Pull hoses

Pull self and equipment over fences

Carry equipment in and out of buildings

Climb hillsides in "bunker clothes" in grass fires

Dive to rescue a drowning victim

Climb ladders with equipment, hoses and personal

protective clothing and equipment

Stamina

Pull ceiling

Repeat fires, successive fires in 24-hour shifts

Salvage and cleanup, taking down walls

Climb stairs with equipment

Shift hose lines

Shovel in a grass fire

Pull a drowning victim to shore

Hold and operate the "rescue equipment e.g. jaws of

life," especially in awkward positions

Extent Flexibility

Fire cleanup operations

Carry out an injured person

Lay hose lines

Cleanup

Crawl through attics

Extricate victim from a car or overturned tractor

Roof work

Remove victims from cars

Carry victims down winding stairs

Chop a hole in the roof

Climb hillside covered with brush

Gross Body Coordination

Climb a ladder through opening in a roof Stand on pitched roof using a chain saw Get out of a burning structure

Operate a charged hose line

Get through building's small places

Explosive Strength

Run up stairs with

Jump to avoid falling object

Kick door in

Run and carry ladders over objects

Remove person from burning building

Cut a hole in the roof

Advance charged hose line

Breach a wall

Trunk Strength

Lift hose

Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation

Lift people on an EMS run

Pick up bodies

Overhaul and cleanup

Effort

Repeat fires over 24-hour work shift

Multiple tasks at a fire

Remove a person trapped in a vehicle

Make a rescue

Dynamic Flexibility

Pull ceiling

Chop through a wall

Extend ladders

Saw, kick down door

Cardiopulmonary-resuscitation

Shoveling in a brush fire

Sandbagging (in

Cutting up trees

Gross Body Equilibrium

Balance on pitched roof

Balance with backpack on an inclined

Make rescue from bridge or superstructure

Walk on a concrete beam

Balance on a ladder on roof

Carry a body down the ladder

Mobility

Move within a dark building
Climb stairs, ground ladders, aerial ladders
Climb over piles of fire debris
Flee falling objects
Walk fast for alarm
Forging streams or rivers
Crawl and search through smoke
Remove boxes and other debris

Moving among animals leaving fire

Arm-Hand Steadiness

Apply traction
Hold hose lines
Hold the hose line
Steady Ladder movements
Apply first aid methods e.g. administer IV, splinting

Manual Dexterity

Disassemble machinery
Repair chain saw
Operate hand tools
Assemble and connect equipment
Aerial extension
Aid car work
Tie knots on hose
Use a spanner wrench

Near Vision

Read instructions Read chemical labels on containers Read prescription bottles

Color Vision

Use color-coded safety equipment Identify objects in a fire Conduct search and rescue in dark building

Smell

Detect leaking chemicals Smell material burning

Hearing Conversation-Noisy Environment

Localize sound in rescues Avoid unseen hazards instructions (verbal) Radio instructions Under adverse conditions -high ambient noise levels

Hearing Direction

Localize cries for help - Localize warning cries Firefighter Physical Ability Job Function Overview

Speed of Limbs

Drive an emergency vehicle
Brake continuously during response
Pull rope to rescue person in the water
Block a punch
Swing an ax
Chopping and clearing brush

Finger Dexterity

Typing
Mechanical repairs
Find a pulse
Operate a throttle on a pump
Couple and uncouple hose

Depth Perception

Climb while balancing on a roof
Go up and down ladders, jumping onto roofs
Dive into a lake — victim rescue
Estimate hose distances
Estimate driving hazards

Far Vision

See end of the aerial ladder Avoid electrical wires See hazards in smoky buildings through mask

Night Vision

Drive at night, travel across irregular surfaces Read addresses at night Hear Conversation - Quiet Environment General needs

Sound Discrimination

Instructions in a noisy environment Radio instructions in a noisy environment Instructions above the noise of the pump

JOB DESCRIPTIONS / ANALYSIS

Firefighter Environmental Conditions Overview

- Fifty to ninety percent of work time is spent outside a building and exposed to the sun, wind, rain, or snow.
- Firefighters must tolerate frequent extreme fluctuations of temperature. Environment outside building may be 5° to 400°F, but inside firefighters are doing heavy work in hot buildings (up to1000°F) while wearing equipment which significantly impairs body cooling systems. Firefighters must work in environments that vary greatly from low to high humidity.
- Turnout equipment significantly impairs body-cooling mechanisms.
- There is the frequent possibility that firefighters may be working under wet and muddy conditions.
- Firefighters must frequently perform sustained work on slippery surfaces including rooftops.
- Firefighters frequently face the possibility of sustaining a severe injury (cuts, bruises, burns, strains, fractures, or amputations) on the job.
- Firefighters are frequently required to perform work from aerial ladders, scaffolding, roofs, or other elevations over 12 feet from the ground.
- Firefighters are frequently required to perform work in confined spaces or cramped body positions (e.g., attics, cars, under houses, closets).
- Firefighters are often required to work on or about moving machinery or equipment or in the vicinity of vehicles in motion (e.g., chain saws, fire trucks, cutting torches).
- Firefighters are often exposed to vibration when riding in fire trucks or operating chain saws.
- Firefighters are intermittently exposed to noise levels over 90-dba when riding fire trucks under emergency conditions and when fighting fires.
- Firefighters are frequently exposed to the possibility of bum injuries caused by heat, fire, chemicals or electricity.
- Firefighters may have occasional exposure to non-ionizing radiation (ships or rooftops).
- Firefighters have intermittent exposure to dust that may contain carcinogens (such as asbestos or benzopyrene) during clean-up operations.
- Firefighters have frequent potential exposure to respiratory irritants and sensitizes, especially during clean-up operations (irritant chemicals, smoke, isocyanates, etc.).
- Firefighters have frequent potential exposure to toxic substances (such as hydrogen cyanide and hydrochloric acid from plastic's fires, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, or organic solvents).
- Firefighters may occasionally have skin contact with oil and grease, especially during maintenance and repair of firefighting equipment.
- Firefighters may encounter noxious odors (burning flesh, chemical spills).
- Firefighters may work with or near substances that may explode.
- Firefighters occasionally have contact with un-insulated or unshielded electrical equipment.
- Firefighters may encounter radiation hazards (isotopes in hospitals, laboratories).
- Firefighters riding Aid cars may frequently have exposure to infectious agents (such as hepatitis B virus).
 There is the possibility of exposure to persons infected with the AIDS virus.
- Firefighters are often exposed to the following stressors:
 - o Tight time frames and critical deadlines in life-threatening emergency situations
 - o Acutely injured people and their families and friends
 - o Crucial decisions in emergency situations that involve public safety and safety of fellow firefighters and self
 - o Tasks requiring long periods of intense concentration
 - Unpleasant situations (e.g." burned people or animals)
 - 24-hour shifts, during which sleep is sporadic or non-existent
 - The job of firefighter is complex and extremely variable from shift to shift.
- Firefighters are required to use positive pressure breathing apparatus with 1.5 inches of water column resistance to exhalation at 40 liters per minute.