The Dangerous Cs of Hazardous Materials Code Enforcement:

Combustible Compressed Corrosive Cryogenic

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Presented by

- Michael Fitzgerald
 - Fire Marshal
 - Monroe Fire
 - mfitzgerald@monroefire.org
 - -360.805.0338



What is a HazMat?

"Those chemicals or substances which are physical hazards or health hazards as defined and classified in this chapter (50), whether the materials are in usable or waste condition."
 IFC 202



Physical Hazard

• A chemical for which there is evidence that it is a *combustible liquid, cryogenic fluid, explosive,* flammable (solid, liquid or gas), organic peroxide (solid or liquid), oxidizer (solid or liquid), oxidizing gas, pyrophoric (solid, liquid or gas), unstable (reactive) material (solid, liquid or gas) or water-reactive material (solid or liquid).

- IFC 202



Health Hazard

 A classification of a chemical for which there is statistically significant evidence that acute or chronic health effects are capable of occurring in exposed persons. The term "health hazard" includes chemicals that are toxic, highly toxic and corrosive.

- IFC 202



Keys to Determining Type of Hazard

- MSDS
- Appendix F
- T5003.1.1(1) T5003.1.1(4)

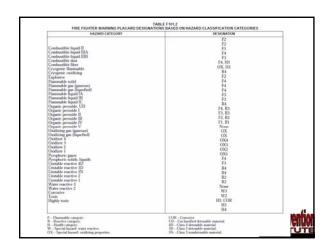


Appendix F - Hazard Ranking

 Helps to classify the Health, Flammability, and Reactivity of the NFPA 704 placard







Hazardous Materials in IFC

- Part V Hazardous Materials
 - Chapters 50-79
 - Chapter 50 HazMat General Provisions
 - Chapter 51 Aerosols
 - Chapter 52 Combustible Fibers
 - Chapter 53 Compressed Gases
 - Chapter 54 Corrosive Materials
 - Chapter 55 Cryogenic Fluids
 - Etc.



Chapter 50 – HazMat General Provisions

- Prevention, control and mitigation of dangers
 - Due to storage, dispensing, use and handling
 - IFC 5001.1
- When specific provisions are provided elsewhere, those specifics apply
 - IFC 5001.1



Chapter 50 – HazMat Exceptions

- Retail or wholesale occupancies:
 - Medicine, foods, consumer products, cosmetics packaged in </= 1.3 gallon (5L) containers with < 50% water-miscible liquids with remainder nonflammable
 - 2. Alcohol in containers </= 1.3 gallons (5L)
 - 3. Corrosives in personal and household products in Group M occupancies



Chapter 50 - HazMat Exceptions

- Application & release of pesticide and ag products for
 - Weed abatement, erosion control, soil amendment, similar applications



Chapter 50 – HazMat Exceptions

- Off-site transport of HazMat when in accordance with DOTn regulations.
- Building materials not otherwise regulated by IFC.
- Refrigeration systems (Ch. 6)
- Stationary storage battery systems (Ch. 6)
- Fireworks storage, sale, or use (Ch. 56)



Chapter 50 – HazMat Exceptions

- Storage of distilled spirits and wines in wooden barrels and casks.
- Wall-mounted dispensers of alcohol-based had rubs classified as Class I or II liquids per 5705.5.



Chapter 50 Layout

- General 5001
- Definitions 5002 / 202
- General Requirements 5003
- Storage 5004
- Use, Dispensing, Handling 5005



3-way HazMat Protection

- Fire Prevention
- Passive Protection
- Active* Protection
- *My definition: motion or response



HazMat Fire Prevention

- CRK (SARA Tier Two)
- Fire Inspection
- Permit Enforcement
- Pre-Incident Planning



HazMat Fire Prevention: Inspection

- MSDS (5003.4)
- Hazard identification (5003.5)
- Signage (5003.6)
- Sources of ignition (5003.7)
- Personnel training (5003.9.1)
- Security (5003.9.2)
- Vehicle protection (5003.9.3)



HazMat Fire Prevention: Inspection

- Proper storage
 - Static protection (5003.9.5)
 - Photosensitivity (5003.9.6)
 - Shock sensitivity (5003.9.7)
 - Incompatible materials (5003.9.8)
 - Shelf storage (5003.9.9)
 - Safety cans (5003.9.10)



HazMat Fire Prevention: Inspection

- Handling & transportation (5003.10)
 - Protective caps in place
 - Carts and trucks with spill control
 - No incompatible materials
- Group M / S Storage (5003.11)
 - Allowances for exceeding MAQ
- Outdoor Control Areas (5003.12)



HazMat Fire Prevention: Inspection

- Spill control (5004.2 / 5005.1.3)
- Clearance from Combustibles (5004.11 / 5005.3.8)
- Noncombustible floors (5004.12 / 5005.1.2)
- Adequate lighting (5005.1.7)
- Liquid transfer (5005.1.10)



HazMat Fire Prevention: Permits

- Operational permits (105.6)
 - 105.6.20 required to store, transport, dispense, use or handle HazMat in excess of amounts in T106.2.20
- Construction permits (105.7)
 - 105.7.3 Compressed gases T105.6.8
 - 105.7.4 Cryogenic fluids T105.6.10



HazMat Fire Prevention: Pre-Incident Planning

- Presumes incident will occur
- Provides data to responders
- NFPA 1620: Standard for Pre-Incident Planning



HazMat Passive Protection

- Isolation / Separation
- Containment



HazMat Passive Protection

- Isolation / Separation
 - Construction per IBC (5003.8.1)
 - Detached buildings if required by T5003.8.2
 - Control Areas (5003.8.3 / 5003.12)
 - Gas rooms (5003.8.4)
 - Exhausted enclosures (5003.8.5)
 - Gas cabinets (5003.8.6)
 - HazMat storage cabinets (5003.8.7)
 - Incompatible materials (5004.4 / 5005.1.1)
 - Weather protection (5004.1.13 / 5005.3.9)



Control Areas

 Spaces where quantities of hazardous materials not exceeding the MAQ per control area are stored, dispensed, used, or handled. May be inside or outside a building (202).



Maximum Allowable Quantity (MAQ)

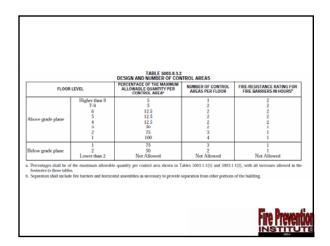
• The highest amount of HazMat allowed for storage or use within a control area (202)

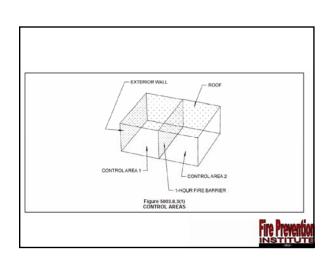


Control Area Construction

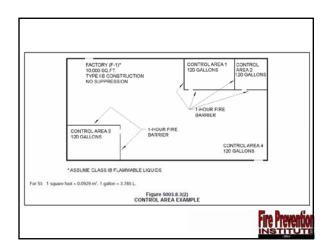
- Separated from other control areas by fire barriers (5003.8.3.1 / IBC 414.2.1), rated according to T414.2.2
- Ventilated







FIRE PREVENTION



A DETACHED BUILD		UILDING REQUIRED DUANTITY OF MATERIAL EXCEEDS THAT	LISTED HEREIN
Material	Class	Solids and liquids (tons) ^{4,5}	Gases (cubic feet) ^{4, 5}
Explosives	Division 1.1 Division 1.2 Division 1.3 Division 1.4 Division 1.4 Division 1.5 Division 1.6	Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity 1 Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity	Not Applicable
Oxidizers	Class 4	Maximum Allowable Quantity	Maximum Allowable Quantity
Unstable (reactives) detonable	Class 3 or 4	Maximum Allowable Quantity	Maximum Allowable Quantity
Oxidizer, liquids and solids	Class 3 Class 2	1,200 2,000	Not Applicable
Organic peroxides	Detonable Class I Class II Class III	Maximum Allowable Quantity Maximum Allowable Quantity 25 50	Not Applicable
Unstable (reactives) nondetonable	Class 3 Class 2	1 25	2,000 10,000
Water reactives	Class 3 Class 2	1 25	Not Applicable
Pyrophoric gases	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	2,000
For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 cubic foot = 0 a. For materials which are detonable, the dis as explosives, the required separation dist b. "Maximum Allowable Osantity" means t	tance to other buildings or lot li ances shall be as specified in Cl	nes shall be as specified in the International	-

HazMat Passive Protection

- Containment
 - Spill control (5004.2.1 / 5005.1.3 / 5005.2.1.3 / 5005.3.4 / 5005.3.6 / 5005.2.2.3)
 - Secondary containment (5004.2.2 / 5005.2.2.4 / 5005.2.1.4 / 5005.3.5 / 5005.3.7)



REQU	BRED SECONDARY O	ONTAINMENT-HAZAI	5004.2.2 IDOUS MATERIAL SOL					
MATERIAL		MEGORE STORAGE		OUTDOOR STORAGE				
		Solids	Liquids	Solder	Liquido			
		1. Physical b	ated motorials					
	Class II	Not Applicable	See Chapter 57	Not Applicable	See Chapte 57			
Combostible Squids	Class IIIA		See Chipter 57		See Chapter ST			
	Class IIIII		See Chapter 57		See Chapter 57			
Cryogenic fluids			See Chapter 55		See Chapter 55			
Explosives	5.1	See Chapter 56		See Ci	Sew Chapter 56			
	Clan IA	Not	See Chapter 57	Not	See Chapter 57			
Flammatile (iquids	Class IB	Applicable	See Chapter 57	Applicable	See Chapter 57			
223247833	Class IC		See Chapter 57		See Chapter 57			
Florematile solids		Not Required:	Not Applicable	Not Required	Not Applicable			
	Usefassified Detouable	Required	Required	Not Required	Nor Hespained			
	Class I							
Organic percentles	Clan II							
	Class III							
	Class IV							
	Class V	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required			
	Class 4							
Outtim	Class 3	Required	Required	Required	Not Required	Not Required		
	Class 2				100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
	Class 1	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required			
Pyrophortes		Not Required	Required	Not Required	Browned			
	Class 6	100						
Unstable (reactives)	Location and the	Cless 3	Repared	Required	Required	Required	Required	
	Class 2							
	Class 1	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required			
Water reactives		Class 3			Class 3 n			
	Class 2	Required	Required	Required	Required			
	Class 1	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required			
A STEAM		Z. Health-bu	stand materials					
Comosives		Not Required	Required	Not Required	Required			
Highly toxics		Report	Required	Booked	Required			
Toxics			todesa	Required	required			

HazMat Active Protection

- Ventilation (5004.3 / 5003.8.4.2 / 5003.8.5.2 / 5005.1.9 / 5005.2.1.1. /5005.2.2.1)
- Fire Sprinklers (5004.5 / 5005.1.8)
- Explosion Control (5004.6 / 5005.2.1.2 / 5005.2.2.2)
- Standby Power (5004.7 / 5005.1.5)
- Limit Controls (5004.8 / 5005.1.4)
- Emergency Alarm (5004.9)
- Supervision / Monitoring (5004.10)



Alternative to Requirements of Chapters 51-79

- Performance-based design (IFC 5001.3)
 - Minimize risk of releases, fires, explosions
 - Minimize consequences of HazMat incident
 - Subject to approval of fire code official
 - -5001.3.3.1 5001.3.3.18



Combustible Fibers

- Chapter 52
 - Storage of combustible fibers in any quantity



Combustible Fibers – Fire Prevention

- Noncombustible waste receptacles; removed daily (5203.1)
- Grass or weeds shall not accumulate (5203.2)
- Three foot clearance from sprinklers and piles (5203.3)
- HMMP (5001.5.1)
- Operational permit for > 100 ft³ (105.6.7)
 - Not required for agricultural storage



Combustible Fibers: Passive Protection

- Separation
 - Agricultural products (5203.4)
 - 100 ton stack
 - Minimum 20' separation
 - Loose fibers (5204)
 - </= 100 ft³: stored in self-closing metal bin
 - >100 ft³ to 500 ft³: 1-hour fire barrier with protected openings (3/4 hour)
 - > 500 ft³ to 1,000 ft³: 2-hour fire barrier with protected openings (1 ½ hour)
 - >1,000 ft³: 2-hour fire barrier with protection openings and fire sprinklers
 - Maximum of 2,500 ft³ in a detached building



Combustible Fibers: Passive Protection

- Separation
 - Baled storage (5205.1)
 - Single blocks or piles </= 25,000 ft³ not including aisles
 - · Aisles 5' or greater; or
 - Flash-fire barrier from floor to 1' above pile & 1' or more beyond sides.
 - Bales bound with fibers that swell when wet:
 - Store to allow for expansion without affecting structure
 - » Minimum 3' between walls and piles (5205.2)



Combustible Fibers: Active Protection

 Fire sprinklers required in storage rooms > 1,000 ft³



Compressed Gases

- Chapter 53: Storage, use, handling of
 - Containers, cylinders, tanks, systems
 - Exceptions:
 - refrigerants (606)
 - CNG as vehicle fuel (Chapter 23 / NFPA 52 / IFGC)
 - LNG as vehicle fuel (NFPA 52 / NFPA 59A)



Washington State Amendment

- WAC 51-54A-5306 Medical Gas Systems
 - 5306.1 Exception Added
 - Exception: All distribution piping, supply manifolds, connections, regulators, valves, alarms, sensors and associated equipment shall be in accordance with the Plumbing Code.



Washington State Amendment

- WAC 51-54A-5306 Medical Gas Systems
 - 5306.4 Medical gas systems. The maintenance and testing of medical gas systems including, but not limited to, distribution piping, supply manifolds, connections, pressure regulators and relief devices and valves, shall comply with the maintenance and testing requirements of NFPA 99 and the general provisions of this chapter.



Compressed Gases Layout

- General (5301)
- Definitions (5302 / 202)
- General requirements (5303)
- Storage (5304)
- Use & handling (5305)
- Medical gas systems (5306)
- Compressed gases not otherwise regulated (5307)



Compressed Gases: Fire Prevention

• Operational permit threshold per 105.6.8

Type of Gas	Amount (ft3) at NTP
Corrosive	200
Flammable (except cryogenic & LP	G) 200
Highly toxic	Any
Inert & simple asphyxia	ant 6,000
Oxidizing	504
Pyrophoric	Any
Toxic	Any



Compressed Gases: Fire Prevention

- Construction permit to install, repair, abandon, remove, place out of service, close, or substantially modify a *compressed gas* system: same threshold as operational permit (105.7.3)
 - Exceptions:
 - Routine maintenance
 - Emergency repair: permit application may be delayed 2 days



Compressed Gases: Fire Prevention

- Marking of containers / cylinders (5303.4)
- Security (5303.5 / 5303.10)
- Wiring (5303.8)
- Repair (5303.9 / 5303.12)
- Environmental corrosion (5303.13 / 5303.14)
- Lighting (5303.15)
- Storage / use methods (5304.1 / 5305.6)
- Personnel (5305.7)
- Inflation: inert only (5305.8)



Compressed Gases: Passive Protection

- Valve protection (5303.6)
- Isolation / separation
 - Incompatible materials (5303.7.1)
 - Combustible waste (5303.7.2)
 - Hazard separation (5303.7.3 5303.7.11 / 5303.11)
 - Vault design (5303.16)
 - Medical gas isolation (5306)
 - Medical gas passive venting (5306.2.1)



Compressed Gases: Active Protection

- Pressure relief devices (5303.3
- Automatic controls (5305.2)
- Valves (5305.4)
- Venting (5305.5)
- Medical gas room sprinkler (5306.2.1)
- Medical gas interior room ventilation (5306.2.2)
- NOR gas ventilation (5307.2)



Corrosive Materials

- Chapter 54
 - Storage and use of corrosive materials
 - Exceptions:
 - Display and storage in Group M
 - Storage in Group S
 - Stationary storage battery systems (608)
 - Not R-717 ammonia refrigerant (606)



Corrosives Layout

- General (5401)
- Definition (5402 / 202)
- General Requirements (5403)
- Storage (5404)
- Use (5405)



Corrosives: Fire Prevention

- Permit thresholds per 105.6.20
 - Gases 200 ft³
 - Liquids 55 gallons
 - Solids 1000 pounds
- Storage distance to exposures (5404.2.2)
- Liquid transfer per 5005.1.10 (5405.1.1)



Corrosives: Passive Protection

- Isolation / Separation
 - < MAQ: per Chapter 50
 - -> MAQ: per Chapters 50 & 54
 - Liquid-tight floor construction (5404.1.1)
- Containment
 - Secondary containment (5404.2.1)



Corrosives: Active Protection

 Mechanical ventilation required when dispensed or used (5405.1.2)



Cryogenics

- Chapter 55
 - Storage, use, handling of cryogenic fluids
 - Exceptions:
 - Refrigerants (606)
 - LNG (NFPA 59A)



Cryogenics Layout

- General (5501)
- Definitions (5502 / 202)
- General Requirements (5503)
- Storage (5504)
- Use & Handling (5505)



Cryogenics: Fire Prevention

• Operational permit conditions per 105.6.10

•	•	
Type	Inside	Outside
Flammable	>1 gal.	60 gal.
Inert	60 gal.	500 gal.
Oxidizing	10 gal.	50 gal.
Physical / health hazard	Any amt.	Any amt.
not indicated above		



Cryogenics: Fire Prevention

- Required submittal data (5503.1.1.1)
- Containers / supports (5503.1.2/5503.1.3)
- Marking of cryogenics (5503.4)
- Security (5503.5 / 5503.8 / 5503.9)
- Wiring (5503.6)
- Repair (5503.7)
- Lighting (5503.10)
- Vehicle unloading (5505.4.2)



Cryogenics: Passive Protection

- Isolation / Separation
 - Separation requirements (5504.3.1 / 5505.3.1)
 - Material-specific piping installation (5505.1.2)
 - Physical protection (5505.1.2.4)



TABLE 5504.3.1.1 SEPARATION OF STATIONARY CONTAINERS FROM EXPOSURE HAZARDS

EXPOSURE	MINIMUM DISTANCE (feet)
Buildings, regardless of construction type	1
Wall openings	1
Air intakes	10
Lot lines	5
Places of public assembly	50
Nonambulatory patient areas	50
Combustible materials such as paper, leaves, weeds, dry grass or debris	15
Other hazardous materials	In accordance with Chapter 50

Cryogenics: Active Protection

- Pressure relief (5503.2 / 5503.3)
- Ventilation per IMC (5504.2.1.3 / 5504.2.2.3 / 5505.4.1)
- Shutoff valves (5505.1.2.3 / 5505.3.2)
- Limit controls (5505.4.3)

